

AP Biology

Good Controlled Experiment

The components required to adequately design a controlled experiment

<u>Required Component</u>	<u>Example</u>
1. State your <u>hypothesis</u>	I <u>hypothesize</u> that the application of gibberellin will cause elongation and increased height in dwarf pea plants.
2. <u>Manipulate</u> one variable	One group of 5 dwarf pea plants received a spray of 500 ppm <u>gibberellin</u> while the other group of 5 dwarf pea plants were sprayed with the solvent <u>water</u> .
3. <u>Hold constant</u> all other variables that could effect the experimental results. Two examples are required.	1. Both groups of plants (experimental and control groups) were exposed to the <u>same intensity</u> and duration of light. 2. Both groups of plants (experimental and control groups) were the <u>same variety</u> of pea plants. 3. Both groups of plants (experimental and control groups) were grown at <u>the same temperature</u> .
4. Identify the <u>control group</u> . It may help to think of the control group as a <u>reference group</u> .	The group of 5 dwarf pea plants, sprayed with the solvent water, served as the <u>control group</u> .
5. Make <u>quantitative</u> measurements	A <u>ruler</u> was used to measure the heights of both control and experimental plants at intervals of three days for one month following the spraying of both groups.
6. <u>Verify</u> the experimental results	This experiment was <u>repeated</u> five times to verify or confirm results.
7. <u>Statistically</u> analyze the results	The results from the five trials were <u>averaged</u> .
8. Relate the expected results to the hypothesis . . . an <u>if then</u> statement	<u>If</u> the plants sprayed with giberellin experienced greater growth over the thirty day experimental period <u>then</u> the hypothesis would be supported.