

Recombinant chromosome - contains genes from both parents (new combination $=$ unique new chromosome)


Fertilization after non-disjunction leads to condition of aneuploidy (abnormal chromosome number)

Monosmy - single chromosome of a pair ( $2 \mathrm{n}-1$ )
Trisomy - three chromosomes of a pair ( $2 \mathrm{n}+1$ )

